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10CS56

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, May 2017 Formal Language and Automata Theory

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Define following terms:
 - i) DFA (Deterministic finite automata).
 - ii) NFA (non-deterministic finite automata). (04 Marks)
- b. Design finite automata for following languages:
 - i) Set of all strings with exactly three consecutive 1's over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$.
 - ii) Set of all strings that end with ab or ba over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$.
 - iii) $L = \{W/W \in (a + b)^* \text{ such that } n_a(w) \bmod 3 = 0 \text{ and } n_b(w) \bmod 2 = 0\}$.
 - iv) Design an NFA to recognize language $L = \{W/W \in 0101^n \text{ or } 010^n \text{ where } n \geq 0\}$. (08 Marks)
- c. Convert the following NFA to its equivalent DFA: (08 Marks)

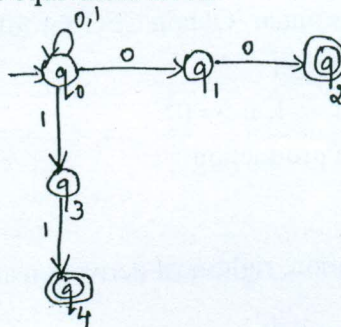


Fig.Q.1(c)

- 2 a. Define ϵ -closure. Consider ϵ -NFA over $\Sigma = \{\epsilon, +, -, 0-9, \cdot\}$. (08 Marks)

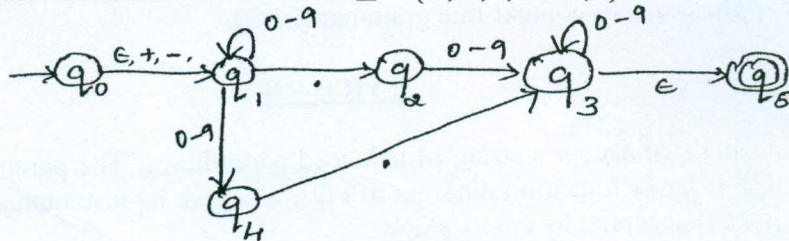


Fig.Q.2(a)

- i) Compute ϵ -closure of each state.
 - ii) Convert the automata to DFA.
- b. Define regular expression. Write regular expressions for following languages:
 - i) Set of all strings that begin with 1011 over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$.
 - ii) $L = \{ a^n b^m c^p \mid n \leq 4, m \geq 2, p \leq 2 \}$. (04 Marks)
- c. Define ϵ -NFA for regular expression $aa^*(a + b)^*$. (04 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- d. Obtain regular expression from finite automata using state elimination method. (04 Marks)

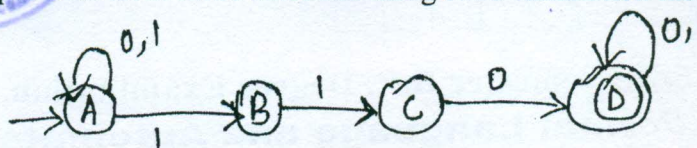


Fig.Q.2(d)

- 3 a. State pumping lemma for regular language. Prove that $L = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ is not regular language. (07 Marks)
 b. If h is homomorphism from alphabet Σ to alphabet T and L is regular language over T , then $h^{-1}(L)$ is also regular language. (05 Marks)

c.

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_1$	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_3	q_5
$*q_3$	q_4	q_3
q_4	q_3	q_5
$*q_5$	q_2	q_5

- i) Draw table of distinguish abilities for this automata.
 ii) Construct minimum state equivalent DFA. (08 Marks)

- 4 a. Define context free grammar. Obtain CFG for following language:

- i) $L = \{a^n b^{n+2} \mid n \geq 0\}$
 ii) $L = \{0^m 1^m 2^n \mid m \geq 1, n \geq 0\}$. (06 Marks)

- b. Given a grammar with production

$$S \rightarrow AS/\epsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow aa/ab/ba/bb$$

Obtain leftmost derivation, rightmost derivation and parse tree for string $a a b b b a$.

(06 Marks)

- c. Define yield of parse tree. Show that the given grammar is ambiguous for string $a + b * c$

$$E \rightarrow E + E / E * E / (\epsilon) I$$

$$I \rightarrow a / b / c.$$

(06 Marks)

- d. Write applications of context free grammar (CFG). (02 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Obtain a PDA to accept a string of balanced parentheses. The parentheses to be considered are (,),], [. Draw transition diagram of PDA and give its instantaneous description (ID) for string [() ()] accepted by empty stack. (10 Marks)

- b. Define deterministic PDA. Is the PDA to accept the language $L = \{a^n b^{2n} \mid n \geq 1\}$ is deterministic? (04 Marks)

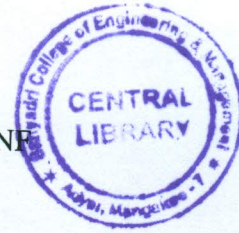
- c. Convert the following PDA to CFG:

$$\delta(q_0, q, z) = (q_0, AZ)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, A) = (q_0, AA)$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, A) = (q_1, \epsilon).$$

(06 Marks)



- 6 a. Define GNF and CNF grammar. Reduce grammar into CNF.
 $S \rightarrow AaB/aaB$
 $A \rightarrow \epsilon$
 $B \rightarrow bbA/\epsilon$. (07 Marks)
- b. Define nullable, useless variable. Consider the grammar.
 $S \rightarrow AC / aB / AD$
 $A \rightarrow \epsilon / ab / s$
 $B \rightarrow Aa / AB$
 $C \rightarrow AAa / \epsilon$
 $D \rightarrow EbD$
 $E \rightarrow bb$
i) Eliminate ϵ production. (08 Marks)
ii) Eliminate any unit production in resulting grammar.
iii) Eliminate any useless production in resulting grammar. (05 Marks)
- c. If L is context free language, then so is L^R . Prove. (05 Marks)
- 7 a. Design a turning machine to recognize language $L = \{0^n 1^n / n \geq 1\}$ and write its transition diagram and give its ID for string 0011. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain working of turning machine with neat diagram and instantaneous description (ID) for turning machine. (05 Marks)
- c. Write a note on multitape turning machine. (05 Marks)
- 8 Write a note on:
a. Post correspondence problem.
b. Application of regular expression.
c. L is recursive language, so is \bar{L}
d. Universal language. (20 Marks)
